JUDGE CULLEN GRANTS HIM A STAY.

BIS ACTION BASED ON A MERE LEGAL TECHNI-CALITY-A GIGANTIC CONSPIRACY IN KINGS COUNTY-M'KANE'S IMPORTANCE IN

THE ECARD OF SUPERVISORS. Judge Cullen handed down his delayed deeision yesterday in the Brooklyn Supreme Court in the matter of the application in behalf of John Y. McKane and his associates in Gravesend, adjudged to be in contempt of court for their outrageous defiance of Judge Barnard's injunction on Election Day. Judge Cullen granted a stay of proceedings until the appeal o the General Term in the case is heard. This will serve to keep McKane and his fellows out of jail and from paying the fines imposed upon them until after the decision of the General Term, which meets in February. The ground for the stay is a reasonable doubt of the right of Judge Barnard to issue the injunction, although he holds that the affidavits and proofs all tended to show that all the defendants prevented by violence the service of the injunction order, and that such conduct was a contempt of

It is a very significant fact that the stay of proceedings has a direct bearing upon the organization of the Kings County Board of Supervisors, of which McKane is a member. As he remains out of jail, he will be able to participate in the election of a president pro tem., which office he now holds. Without his vote the Democrats would not be able to organize the Board, and a Republican would be chosen next week to preside in the absence of the Supervisor-at-Large, Mr. Fitchie, and to appoint the standing committees of the board.

ITS CONTROL DESIRED BY SCOUNDRELS.

The control of the Board of Supervisors is of the utmost importance to some of the worst scoundrels in the Brooklyn ring, and they would stop at nothing to maintain their power in the board, with all that this means for them in the awarding of such contracts. They have resorted to desperate measures in the past in order to gain their ends, and their influence extends very far and includes a great many people. McKane has been treated with the most suspicious leniency, tenderness and kindness ever since Judge Barnard passed sentence upon him. There is every reason to suspect the existence of a gigantic and far-reaching conspiracy in Kings County to save him from the just penalties for his crimes. McKane in the Kings County Board of Supervisors can be of enormous service to the worst elements in the Brooklyn Ring, and the members of that Ring will spare no effort, no The Judge's decision began as follows:

There was ample evidence before Mr. Justice sarnard to justify the finding that the defendants and wilfully offered resistance to the mandate of the court apart from the question whether they had disobeyed or not. The affidavits and proofs ended to show that all the defendants prevented by molence the service of the injunction order.

He then tells at considerable length how injunctions can be issued, and ends his decision as

EQUITY AND QUESTIONS AS TO ELECTIONS. We are thus brought to face the question whether the action in equity brought by the relator will ile. Equity has been extremely loath to interfere in matters connected with elections or the titles to office of public office. It is said in High on Injunctions, section 1,312, no principle of the law of injunction and perhaps no doctrine of equity is more identitely lixed or more clearly established than that courts of equity will not interfere by injunction to determine questions of the appointment or clection of public officers or a title to discuss the control of the public officers or a title to discuss the control of the cont We are thus brought to face the question whether the action in equity brought by the relator will

granted the detendants to relevant the limits indi-posals. If this opinion has extended beyond the limits indi-cated on the argument, it is because I have found more in the jubject than I had supposed.

McKane is confined to his home at Sheepshead Bay, suffering from a severe cold, contracted while on his recent shooting trip in the South. Doctors are in constant attendance upon him, as they fear his maiady will develop into pneumonia.

A PREACHER'S WIFE WANTS A DIVORCE.

BUIT IS BROUGHT AGAINST THE REV. ISAAC E. HOUSE, WHO DISAPPEARED FROM NYACK RECENTLY.

Mes. Melissa House, of Nyack, on Saturday last, through her attorneys, the Messrs. Snider and Hop-per, began a suit in the Supreme Court before Judge Brown, of Newburg, for a divorce from her Judge Brown, of Newburg, for a divorce from her husband, the Rev. Isaac E. House, who left Nyack a few days ago and has not since been heard from. Mrs. House has long had this action under consideration. She is highly esteemed by the people of the town. Before Mr. House went away, over a week ago, he took up considerable money on his property at Nyack, leaving the estate heavily mortgaged. Judge Brown granted permission on Saturday to serve the summons by publication.

ELECTION RETURNS TO BE PUBLISHED.

The Tribune will publish to-morrow the complete official canvass of the election of November 7 in the City and County of New-York, covering thirty-two pages. The tables given by Election and Assembly districts, with the official totals and recapitulations, will show the vote cast for State officers, judges, Senators, Assemblymen, delegates to the Constitutional Convention, both at large and in Senate districts, and all city and county officers for every districts, and all city and county officers for every districts, and all city and county officers for every calibrate. Republican, Democratic, Prohibition, Socialist-Labor and People's party. Every blank and defective ballot returned will appear, showing in what election and Assembly District it was cast. The publication will afford an excellent opportunity for those who desire to look carefully into the returns of the most fraudulent election held in New-York City in the last two decades. City and County of New-York, covering thirty-two

MISS YEARGIN'S BODY FOUND AT LAST.

Ithaca, N. Y., Dec. 26.-The body of Miss Yeargin, who was drowned in Cayuga Lake several weeks ago, was washed ashore last night near Mc-Kinney's Station, on the Auburn branch of the Le-

Miss Yeargin went rowing with Instructor Mer-Miss Yeargin went rowing with Instructor Mer-riam, of Cornell University, six weeks ago, and failed to return. Great interest has been taken in the case on account of the prominence of the young people. At one time a report was circulated to the effect that Mr. Merriam and Miss Yeargin had effect that Mr. Merriam and Miss Yeargin had been seen together in New-York City after the date of their disappearance from Ithaca. The find-date of their disappearance from Ithaca. The find-date of Miss Yeargin's body disproves that story, and no doubt remains that they met their death by the accidental overturning of their boat.

INTERRUPTING THE ICEMEN'S HARVEST.

Troy, Dec. 26.-The ice in the Hudson River above State dam broke up this morning and moved. The ice is moving between Troy and Albany. Canajoharie, Dec. 28.—The ice in the Mohawk Lilver broke up last night and gorged near Fort Plain, causing the water to back up and cover the Plain, causing the water to back up and cover the Plain, causing the water to back up and cover the Plain, causing the water to back up and cover the Plain, causing the water to back up and cover the Plain, causing the water to back up and cover the Sew-York Central Railroad tracks to a depth of Sew-York Central Railroad to back up and cover the Sew-York Central Railroad to back up t

Dr. Phillips, first assistant physician at the Kings

THE RACETRACK MANAGERS OVERREACHED THEMSELVES.

THEY WILL HAVE TO PUT UP CASH IN ADVANCE IF THEY WANT ANOTHER LICENSE, FOR

Long Branch, Dec. 26 (Special).—The announcement in to-day's Tribune that the Eatontown Town-ship Committee had, as long ago as last August, cumvented the crafty management of Monmouth like a thunderbolt from a clear sky among the friends and few supporters of the Monmouth Park Racing Association left in this neighborhood. By the few of the initiated it was received as a matter of course, and the hope was expressed freely by them that now all trouble was surely ended, and they could heartily say "good riddance" to a bad lot.

The picayune and dishonest treatment to which the Township Committee was continually subjected by the racetrack managers had been a constant source of talk among all classes of people in the county, and the cause of no little irritation to the county, and the cause of no little irritation to the committee, which has all along acted in the best of faith toward the Monmouth Park people and for the best interest of Eatentown Township. Charles O. McFaddin, the chairman of the Township Committee, was seen here to-day in reference to the dispatch from Trenton, published in to-day's Tribune, and frankly toid the whole story. He said that "early in July, William H. Vredenburg, counsel for the association, applied to Chief Justice Beasley, of the Supreme Court, on the certiforari for a hearing of the license-fee question, the evident purpose of which was, on the part of the racetrack people, to 'hang up' the case pending the season of racing. By a blunder, the order of the court was not properly served, the individual members of the Township Committee having been served with the papers in the case, instead of the clerk of the committee, who is the custodian of the records."

clerk of the committee, who is the custodian of the records."

Here, in their eagerness to delay the fulfilment of a contract faithfully and apparently honestly entered into by them, the racetrack people over-reached themselves and had to do their work over again, as Justice Beasley decided the point in favor of the township, while giving permission to move for a certiorari again, which was done by the same counsel in November, long after the racing season was over and the track closed. This time the order was properly served. But, meanwhile, the active members of the Township Committee were not asleep, nor did they intend that the racetrack magnates should again hoodwink them; so in August they met and revoked the association's license.

Now, if the Monmouth Park officials wish to make good their boast that there will be racing next summer on their track, they must apply for a new license to the Eatontown Township Committee, and as Mr. McFaddin to-day said: "This time they will have to put up the cold coin, and nothing else, before anything is done." Mr. Hopper and Mr. Gibbs were also seen, and they echoed the sentiments of Mr. McFaddin, and said they would stand by everything said or done by him.

POOLS DECIDED TO BE LOTTERIES.

Syracuse, N. Y., Dec. 26.-Justices P. M. McLenin an action brought to recover \$1,150 placed in French and auction pools at Saratoga, on Augus French and auction pools at Saratoga, on August 1, 1892. Thomas D. Reilly against Milton C. Gray was the title of the suit, and it came up in the form of a demurrer to the complaint. The principal question decided was as to whether or not pools were lotteries and therefore unconstitutional. The court decides that they are lotteries, and says that the Ives Pool bill has little to do with the case. The bill legalized betting for thirty days on the track, which the Constitution does not prohibit, but it could not legalize lotteries. The case came from Herkimer County.

Washington, Dec. 26.-The race meeting at the corps of detectives with the avowed purpose

bids, differing but little in the aggregate amount, to secure \$1,800,000 of the Exposition Company's money for the lighting of the World's Fair Buildings and Grounds, or nearly four times the amount that was actually paid for the service. The agents of these same companies made extraordinary efforts to pre-vent the award of the contract to any competitor by alleging they could prevent the successful carrying out of the contract if awarded, by refusing the use of the Edison lamps. Ever since its failure to secure so large a contract

from the World's Fair the Trust has pursued the policy of forcing upon all of the "small concerna" and numerous users of their electric lamps the most expensive kind of litigation with the now-confessed idea of making the expense so great that

watts per hour.

Customers pay for the current to operate these lamps at the rate of about 1 cent per hour for each lamp, or at the rate of one-fiftieth of a cent

per watt, so that light from new lamps is much per watt, so that light from new lamps is much cheaper than from old ones, and thus a follows that if the cost of lamps be reduced and the customers given the privilege of making their own renewals whenever they please there will result a great econ-omy in current, with a consequent saving in elec-

tric light bills.

It is safe to predict that the lowest prices for electric lamps have not yet been named.

A SMALL CONCERN.

New-York, Dec. 26, 1893.

TWO VIEWS OF THE CASE.

TWO VIEWS OF THE CASE.

To the Editor of The Tribune.

Sir: You are doing a good thing by displaying the faces of some of the prominent Democratic leaders in this city, as you did this morning of Timothy D. Sullivan and Patrick Divver in your article "Against Tammany's Hosts," Let the people of this city become acquainted with the features of all these shining lights in the ranks of the Democracy, and they will be better able to judge of the grade of intelligence and morality which illumines and animates the local Democracy.

There is argument in a physiognomy.

New-York, Dec. 25, 1835.

CITIZEN.

To the Editor of The Tribune,

Sir: As a reader of The Tribune.

Sir: As a reader of The Tribune for the last thirty years, I enter my protest against the introduction of these miserable pictures of the Tammany short-hairs, heelers and thug.

The idea of a paper of such high standing in the past outraging respectable people with pictures of

HODCMAN'S RUBBER GOODS. THE COURT ASKED TO DECIDE A DISPUTED POINT

UNEQUALLED IN QUALITY. COR. GRANDSTREET. ADJ. FIFTH AVE. HOTEL

New-York, Dec. 26, 1893.

CHARITY FREELY GIVEN.

THE SUFFERING POOR TO BE RELIEVED.

SOCIETIES, COMMITTEES AND INDIVIDUALS AT WORK IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY.

The movement to aid the needy poor has assumed large proportions in this city, and the vari-ous organizations which have enlisted in the work ing with substantial support from the public.

At the office of John P. Townsend, president of the Knickerbocker Trust Company, No. 18 Wall-st. (who was appointed treasurer of the big meeting held last week at Vermilye & Company's in Nassaust.) it was said that there had been received in all

since the appeal was issued \$5.453, and that the



and Twenty-fourth Wards. "We have now," said he, "opened headquarters at No. 104 Willis-ave. Our Committee. The Rev. C. H. Kimball is chairman Mrs. Josephine Shaw Lowell said that a tailoring

A lively scene was that at No. 18 Delancey-st. all day, where a place was opened to give employment to the poor by the Women's Conference of the Society of Ethical Culture. It was in charge of Mrs. Henry Ollesheimer. They employ young



CIVING CLOTHING TO THE UNEMPLOYED.

omen to work, either by hand or with the machine, ther there or at their own homes. The work oes on from 9 a.m. to 5 p. m. each day so as to ve the workers a chance to seek for regular embeyment. They make women's and chidren's resses and undergarments, and give them away i deserving people. The women are paid 50 cents day. It is thought that 31 a week is sufficient, a keep a person from absolute want. They receive warm lunch also every day. If any one subcribes 310 those in charge will undertake to give ne woman employment for four weeks.

A number of blae-coated guardians of the peace rere on daty yesterials in front of the office of The Sunny Hour," No. 23 West Twenty-fourth-st., there the "boy editor," Tello J. d'Apery, was dissensing relief to crowds of poor people. This place is the Eurofoot Mission, and Mr. d'Apery. women to work, either by hand or with the machine most expensive kind of litigation with the now-confessed idea of making the expense so great that such "small concerns would be squeezed out of existence," and it must be gratifying to the public to learn that the cost of these proceedings to the Trust has caused it to "lose much money in its efforts to clean out its competitors," and that hereafter, at least until the cleaning-out process is completed, incandescent lamps can be purchased at the greatly reduced rates named.

The success of the Sawyer-Man two-part or Stopper Lamp used for the World's Fair lighting, and the low price of 30 cents per lamp, with a substantial reduction for the return of the glass parts and the recent reduction to 25 cents, has probably had great influence in determining the Trust to substitute for its policy of attempting to monopolize the lamp trade by means of patent entits the more rational one of meeting the case by reducing its price.

This question of the price of incandescent lamps is one of more than ordinary importance to the public, for a supply of cheap lamps means a great reduction in not only the cost of the lamps, but in the current used to operate them.

A sixteen-candle-power par hour; after it has been in use a quarter of that time it consumes over four watts per candle-power per hour, and the average use of current is not far from four and one-half watts per candle-power per hour, and the average use of current is not far from four and one-half watts per candle-power per hour, and the average use of current is not far from four and one-half watts per candle-power per hour, and the average use of current is not far from four and one-half watts per candle-power per hour, and the average use of current is not far from four and one-half watts per hour.

Coverages have for the care of the consumes over four watts per candle-power per hour, and the average use of current is not far from four and one-half watts per hour.

San Francisco, Dec. 26 (Special).-From the South

New-Haven, Dec. 25.-Many scientists of national reputation have already arrived to perticipate in the twelfth annual meeting of the American Society of Naturalists, which will convene at Yale to-merrow morning. The principal papers of the meeting will be as follows:

"Labrador and Patagonia, A Comparative Study," by Professor Lesile A. Lee, of Howdoin College; "The Hawalian Islands," by Professor William Libbey, fr. of Princeton College, and an essay on bacteriological researches, by Professor Russell H. Chitrenden, of Yale, The convention will begin to-morrow morning and continue till Saturday. THE COURTS.

WHICH AROSE THREE YEARS AGO.

SUIT OVER A GAME OF CARDS.

game of cards. The players were Robert A-resebrough, president of the Chesebrough Manufacturing Company of this city, waich controls the manufacture and sale of vaseline and other prodplayed at the Surf Hotel, Fire Island, one unlucky day in September, 1889. Mr. Fisher, the plaintiff in the action, at first agreed with Mr. Chesebrough to the question at issue and the ownership of \$400, one-half of which sum was placed in the hands

of Captain David S. S. Sammis, the proprietor of the hotel, as stakeholder, by each of the men. Captain Sammis is the man who, three years later, became unpopular with his neighbors in Babylon and Islip for seiling the hotel property to the State for quarantine purposes. When the arbitrator gave his decision he did not, it is said, rule either affirmatively or negative

not, it is said, rule either affirmatively or negatively as to the principal point at issue, but declared that in certain hypothetical circumstances Mr. Chessbrough would win, while under other conditions the victory would be with Mr. Fisher. This verdict, Mr. Fisher thought, made the result of the wager a draw, while Captain Sammis and Mr. Chesebrough both looked upon it as a ruling in the manufacturer's favor.

The next step was a demand by Mr. Fisher upon the stakeholder for the 45% which he had put up. The demand was refused. It was not until October, 1892, that Mr. Fisher's attorney, John C. Shaw, of the Equitable Building, sent the summons in the case to Captain Sammis. The captain through his attorneys, Coudert Brothers, made a general denial of the plaintiff's allegations, and set up as a further defence that if the plaintiff had any cause of action the suit should have been brought within three years.

Mr. Shaw replied that the suit was not barred by the Statute of Limitations until six years after the date of the game.

William F. Randel, No. 114 Nassau-st., who was substituted as attorney in the suit in place of Coudert Brothers some menths ago, says that both

date of the game.

William F. Randel, No. 114 Nassau-st., who was substituted as attorney in the suit in place of Coudert Brothers some menths ago, says that both parties to the suit appear to have overlooked the fact that under Section 341 of the Penal Code they both appear to be liable to pay to the Overseers of the Poor of Suffolk County five times the amount of their wager as a penalty, inasmuch as more than 325 changed hands within twenty-four hours in the quiet little game at the Surf Hotel. What the game was Mr. Randel could not definitely say, but he strongly suspected that it was poker.

SUIT OVER BOSTON GAS TRUST BONDS.

W. E. L. DILLAWAY BRINGS THE ACTION FOR ready for business. HIMSELF AND OTHERS-J. E. ADDICKS A DEFENDANT.

William E. L. Dillaway, through his attorneys Welch & Daniels, secured an injunction from Judge Truax, of the Supreme Court, yesterday, restraining the Mercantile Trust Company and the Bay tent of \$1,300,000 Mr. Dillaway is a well-known Boston banker. He holds about \$30,000 of the bonds

Francis D. Carley to set assue and annual notes of gregating 10,531 which he gave to J. Kennedy Tod & Co., and also a contract which he made with the bankers on September 8, 1890. Carley formerly lived in Lexington, Ky., and was interested there in the development of timber and mineral lands and in the Kentucky Union Land Company and and in the Kentucky Union Land Company and
the Kentucky Union Railway Company. He became
president of both of these companies. J. Kennedy
Tod & Co. were his agents in this city, and advanced several million dollars for the enterprises,
taking bonds and stock of the companies as security, besides a large bonus and a cash commission
for floating the securities.

In the transaction involved in the suit J. Kennedy
Tod & Co. advanced Shouss to Carley, who delived

RITS OF LEGAL NEWS.

Judge Truax, of the Supreme Court, yesterday postponed the argument in the application for the appointment of a receiver for the millinery estab-lishment which has been carried on by Mrs. Cyrus

Judge Truax reserved decision yesterday on an application to compel Mrs. Elise Bethune, the guardian of "Blind Tom." the negro musician, to show cause why she should not be punished for contempt of court. "Blind Tom." lived for many years in Pittsburg, and composed many of his pieces there. He was the property of John G. Bethune "before the war." The negro was kept in the Bethune family after President Lincoln issued his Emancipation Proclamation, and the Supreme Court of Virginia decided that "Bilm! Tom" should remain forever the property of the Bethune family. Colonel Daniel P. Holland, a lawyer of Washington, D. C., brought the cases before the United States Court, where the decision of the Virginia courts was declared to be contrary to law. Mrs. Bethune, however, was appointed guardian of the negro. Colonel Holland died without collecting the bill for his services. Mrs. Irene Ackerman, his executrix, secured a judgment for \$3,30 against Mrs. Bethune, which the Court ordered to be paid out of "Bilnd Tom's" earnings. The judgment has not been collected. Mrs. Bethune says she has no money earned by "Bilnd Tom." Mrs. Ackerman says that Mrs. Bethune has made \$5,600 out of the negro musician.

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY.

Supreme Court-General Term-Recess.
Surveme Court-Chambers-Refore Truax. J.-Court
opens 19:29 a. m. Motion calendar called at 11 a. m.
Supreme Court-Special Term-Parts I and II-Adjourned for the term.
Circuit Court-Parts I, II and IV-Adjourned for the
term. ber 23.
Superior Court-Special Term-Before Dugro, J.-Nos.
509, 578, and motions. Clear.
Superior Court-Equity Term-Before McAdam, J.-No.
653. Weinstein vs. Weinstein Clear.
Superior Court-General Term-Adjourned until Friday. Superior Court—General Term—Adjourned until Friday,
December 29.
Superior Court—Trial Term—Parts I, II and III—Adjourned for the term.
Surrogate's Court—Chambers—Before Ranson, S.—No
day calendar.
Surrogate's Court—Trial Term—Before Fitzgerald, S.—
No day calendar. For products Wills of Sally A. Tabor,
Julia A. Spratt, Philip Schaff, Charles Leftritter, Peter
Deckjer, Julia A. Isaray, Henry C. Preminischmidt,
William Livingston, Albert Wilson, D. Common Pleas—Special Term—Before Bischoff, R. I.—
Mottons. Motions. Pheas-Equity Term-Before Bookstaver, J.— Nos. 22, 69, 72, 87, 56, 23, 24, 29, 35, 168, Clear. Common Pleas-General Term-Adjourned for the term. Common Pleas-Trul Term-Before Till and HI-Ad-journed for the term. City Court-Special Term-Before Newburger, J.—Mo-

TRENTON BATTLE MONUMENT ASSOCIATION.

Trenton, N. J., Dec. 26.-The Trenton Battle Monment Association to-day elected the following officers: President, General William S. Stryker, secretary, Colonel Eckford Moore; treasurer, Colonel S. Meredith Dickinson; assistant treasurer, Colonel Thomas S. Chambers. The anniversary of the battle was not celebrated here to-day. The monument was illuminated with special brilliancy last night, to commemorate Washington's passage across the Delawars. MANAGEMENT TO THE PARTY OF THE THE GENUINE

JOHANN HOFF'S EXTRACT

THE HICHEST AWARD

MEDAL AND DIPLOMA

AT THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION, CHICAGO, 1893. One dozen bottles give as much strength and nourishment as a cask of ale without being intoxicating.

It exaits the energies, stimulates nutrition and sids digestion, and is in a true sense a "FLESH AND BLOOD MAKER."

Beware of imitations. The "Genuine" has the Signature of "Johann Hoff" on the neck label of every bottle.

EISNER & MENDELSON CO., Sole Agents, 152 & 154 FRANKLIN ST., NEW YORK.

SHORT EXPERIENCE OF E. A. NOBLETT AS A " COLLECTOR" IN THE MORSE BUILDING.

HIS PROPERTY THERE CONSISTED OF AN INK BOTTLE, PENS AND A BORROWED BLOT-

E. A. Noblett no longer occupies a desk in Room E. A. Noblett no longer occupies a desk in Room No. 10, Morse Building, No. 140 Nassau-st., and persons in search of lucrative places in the gift of the "World Business Exchange," which he represented at that address, will confer a favor on Nathaniel Niles, the owner of the building, by taking due notice of the fact. It is not Noblett's fault that he has gone elsewhere. It was like this:

On December 18 he rented the deskroom, re-porting himself to N. K. Van Bokkelen, the custodian of the building, as the representative of a paper concern. He was to pay \$15 a month rent and was to have the deskroom free till January He brought an ink bottle and some pens to the desk, borrowed a blotter from Austin Smith, of the Albemarie Paper Company, whose desk was near his in the same office, and, thus equipped, was

In the daily papers of the day following his occu pancy of the deskroom there appeared this advertisement: "Wanted: Collector; must have \$200 Office assistant, \$159 security. Brokerage,

security. Office assistant, \$150 security. Brokerage, 110 Nassau-st. Room 10."
It now appears that Noblett figured as the head of the Mutual Aid Employment Bureau, at No. 118 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, until Mayor Boody revoked his license; that he had three employment agencies in Sixth-ave., the licenses of which were all revoked, and that later he turned up again at No. 277 Sixth-ave., at the Foreign and American Employment Agency. But all this was unknown to the Morse Building people when he came to Room No. 10 with his elaborate outfit and a card which described him as "Stock Broker, Financial Promoter of Stock Companies." It told also of "Patents negotiated" and "Investors advised free of charge." Noblett had many callers on Tuesday, mostly women; so many, in fact, that the other occupants of the office complained and began asking questions as to the nature of the business carried on by their new neighbor.

new neighbor.

ordiced from the first," said Mr. Van Bokkelen, ordiced from the first," said Mr. Van Bokkelen, there was something strange about the man's it his conversations were all carried on in yes, and there was an air of mystery about

affairs; his conversations were all created whispers, and there was an air of mystery about all he did."

From Thursday on the callers were all men, and without an exception they were men whose dress and general appearance indicated, if not poverty, surely ideness and anxiety to gain employment. On Saturday Noblett was politely asked to give up his dock, and an inkling as to his business was gained yesterday when Simon Posen, of No. 145 Eldridgest, called. He had answered the advertisement and given Noblett \$10. He was to "go to work" yesterday morning. Noblett had told him that he must denosit more money if he wanted the place. The man could not borrow any more, and, accompanied by a newspaper man, called to get his "job at \$10 a week or his \$10."

Noblett returned the money. A Tribune reporter saw him a few minutes later, and was told by Noblett that his dealing with Posen was perfectly legitimate, that he wanted to make him collector for his own business, and that the women who called and from whom he wanted security were to be employed by him. When it is known that Posen talks English imperfectly and is almost the last man whom one would select for such a place; and when it is further known that while the Tribune reporter was talking with Noblett three men asked Mr. Van Bokkelen where the man could be seen who "wanted to hire a collector," the story sounds strangely. In proof of his good standing and the improbability of his doing anything wrong, Noblett showed the deed of a plece of property which he owns in Paterson, N. J.

BURNED WHILE PLAYING SANTA CLAUS

COLONEL TILDEN, OF THE PEERSKILL MILITARY ACADEMY, HAS A NARROW ESCAPE PROM DEATH BY FLAMES.

John Newell Tilden, for a long time Peckskill's best known physicians, and for the last few years principal of the Peekskill Military Acadlast night. Colonel Tilden was impersonating Santa Claus in the library of the school for the Santa Claus in the library of the school for the pleasure of a group comprising a half dozen students, his wife, son, and father-in-law, John S. Baker, and several members of the Baker family. The Doctor was attired appropriately to the occasion. His hands were covered with cotton, and on his face were a mask and a huge beard of snowy whiteness. It was easy enough when he came in contact with a lighted candle, while distributing presents, for his cotton beard to catch fire. This happened shortly after S o'clock in the evening. The cotton blazed up, and for a moment the Colonel's life seemed in great danger. With commendable presence of mind the Doctor held his breath and shut his eyes, while those about him threw a plano cover over him and put out the flames.

Dr. Perley H. Mason was summoned. He was the family physician and took the practice of Dr. Tilden when a few years ago the latter retired to take charge of the academy. Dr. Mason says that his patient has suffered intense arony from the burns. Dr. Tilden's face and hands being badly burned. His beard was burned off, and his system received a fearful shock, from which, Dr. Mason fears, serious results may come.

A GIANT'S BODY BURIED.

IT WEIGHED OVER FOUR HUNDRED POUNDS-DIFFICULTY OF GETTING THE COFFIN

THROUGH A DOOR. The body of Thomas McCormack, a lunatic at the Flatbush Insane Asylum, was buried at Holy Cross Cemetery yesterday. The weight of the body was

Kansas City, Dec. 26.—Commander Henry Whiting S. N., who with his wife has been spending a few days in Kansas City as the guest of Bishop few days in Kansas City as the guest of Bishop E. R. Atwell, starts for Wisconsin to-day. His leave has nearly expired, and he will report to Secretary Herbert for duty on January 1. Commander Whiting said yesterday that he had not talked to a single newspaper man since his arrival in San Francisco from Honolulu. His position in the Government service precludes him from discussing matters of a public nature, and his private affairs, he thinks, are of no interest to any one. All published interviews with him he pronounces fastications.

TWO FATAL ASSAULTS DUE TO CRAPS.

St. Louis, Dec. 26.-City Attorney James T. But-St. Louis, Dec. 25.—City Attorney James 1. But-ler early this morning fatally shot James Leary, alias "Seven-up-Jim." in a disorderly house in this city. Their quarrel arose in the course of a discussion about the recent exposure of a a discussion about the recent exposure of a crap game under the Standard Theatre, which is owned by Butler. Leary is said to have made an attempt to draw a pistol, whereupon Butler sho him through the right breast. Leary, who is a "confidence man," two years ago shot a young laborer named Patrick Grogan, but proved self-defence. Butler's pleu will be self-defence. Hopkinsville, Ky, Dec. 2s. During a quarrel over a game of craps at a country church south of the city on Sunday night Manuel Taylor shot and fatally wounded John Howell.

SHOT HIS GRANDSON AND KILLED HIMSELF. Hays City, Kan., Dec. 26.-H. D. Parmenter, a farmer of Northwest, Ellis County, while tempararily insone yesterday shot his grandson and then himself. The boy is still living. The man

KILLED BY THE GAS OF A MINERAL SPRING.

Saratoga, Dec. 26.-Henry Wenzel, a compositor employed in Saratoga at "The Sun" printing house, twenty-six years old and unmarried, while filling a jug with mineral water in the Patterson Spring bottling pit, was overcome by the escaping carbonic acid gas, and died almost instantly. He was discovered by James Fitzpatrick, an employe of the spring company, who gave the alarm. Dr. O. J. Travers was called and made unsuccessful efforts at resuscitation. An inquest was held by Coroner Varney, and a verdict of death by sphyxiation was rendered. The verdict exonerated the proprietors of the spring from all blame, as Wenzel had been warned of the danger. employed in Saratoga at "The Sun" printing

HIS CHAIR NOW VACANT. FIRST PREMIUM

AT THE

WORLD'S FAIR.

THE SINGER MAN'F'G CO.

RECEIVED

54 First Awards.

Being the largest number of awards obtained by any exhibitor, and more than double the number received by all the other Sewing Machine Companies.

THE SINGER MAN'F'G CO., "All over the World."

FINE Imported and Domestic. GUNS, RIPLES, REVOLVERS, AMMINITION, ETC. THE

Hires' ROOT BEER CIRCLE A 25 cent package makes 6 gallons of this delicions Temper-ance Reverage.

TO HEAD THE OPPOSITION.

W. G. SCHUYLER PUSHED FOR PRESIDENT OF THE NEW-YORK ATHLETIC CLUB.

A BIG MEETING OF THE REGULAR TICKET SUP PORTERS CALLED FOR TO-NIGHT TO CRUSH OUT THEIR ADVERSARIES.

The coming election in the New-York Athletic Club continues to be the sole topic of conversation in the clubhouse, in West Fifty-fifth-st. The one object of the opposition seems to be to elect Walter G. Schuyler president in place of Bartow S. Weeks, regular nominee for the position. This feeling is so well known that this may account, in a meas-ure, for the delay of the "kickers" in posting their ticket. Many influential members have been asked to accept positions on the opposition ticket, but has been identified with the athletic interests of the club, is a warm supporter of the Schuyler party. Mr. Hausling says that the opposition ticket will be posted on Friday. Several meetings have been held, but the promoters of the Schuyler movement have had some trouble in arranging their ticket. They have until Saturday night to post

The friends of Weeks and the regular ticket propose to begin a lively campaign without further delay. With this object in view a call was issued yesterday for a big ratification meeting, which will be held to-night. Many of the most influential members of the club will attend the meeting, and

members of the club will attend the meeting, and its promoters hope by their showing to-night to rout utterly the opposition.

Said one of the present officials of the club, whose name occupies a prominent place on the regular ticket:

"I understand that the opposition has secured 400 names to its list, but I know that when election day comes that noble 400 will dwindle down to insignificant numbers. Many people who signed those lists did so under a misapprehension, and many have since informed us that they will support the regular ticket. I would not be surprised if a certain boom collapsed after to-morrow night's meeting."

if a certain boom collapsed after to-morrow night's meeting."

All the ex-presidents of the club except Walter G Schuyler have sent word to the "regulars" of their hearty support and sympathy. This list includes A. V. De Goicourla, Jennings S. Cox, A. G. Mills and August Belmont. Others likely to be present who are in sympathy with the "regulars" might be mentioned, as Joseph J. O'Donohue, E. B. Talcott, B. C. Williams, J. H. Booth, W. B. Curtis, John H. V. Arnold, H. E. Buermeyer and E. C. Carter, It was said that J. R. Van Warner, mentioned as a candidate on the opposition ticket, was likely to retire from that J. R. Van Warner, mentioned as a candidate on the opposition ticket, was said to be angry because he had been left off the regular ticket, had his name omitted at his own suggestion, and he will support the ticket. The largest number of votes ever polled at the club has been about 800. It is thought certain that over 1,000 been about 800. It is thought certain that over 1,000 will be cast at the coming election. To-night's session will be known as the "Anti-Schuyler meeting."

THE PLANS CALL FOR ONE SIDEWALE. The Park Commissioners yesterday advertised for bids for constructing that section of the lem River Speedway from One-hundred-and-fittylem River Speedway from One-numer-standard of the standard of the standard of the section is to be finished in 375 working days. The plans call for a single sidewalk on the land side, the majority of the board having refused last week to withdraw from their position.

ALDERMEN DO AS THEY ARE TOLD. Evidently some one has been reasoning with the refractory Aldermen. Not only did a quorum attend the meeting yesterday, but an asphalt resolu-tion and one providing for the removal of the Woman's Hospital were passed. Twenty-seven members of the Board were present. Alderman Oakley introduced the motion that the institution Oakley introduced the motion that the institution be allowed to sell its property at Forty-ninth-st. and Park-ave., and to buy a new site at Ninety-second-st. and Central Park West. Every Alderman present voted in the affirmative.

Then Alderman Prague called up his resolution for the paving of Ninety-fourth-st, between Amsterdam-ave, and the Boulevard with asphalt. He put a sugar coating on the pill by explaining that the property-owners were to bear the expense. Twenty-six Aldermen voted for the resolution, Alderman Rinn leaving the room before his name was reached. The Board will meet again on January 9.

A VALUABLE REGISTER OF SHIPPING. The volume for 1894 of "The Record of American and Foreign Shipping," which is the twenty-sixth annual issue of this valuable register and classification of shipping, is now being delivered to subscribers. "The Record" contains full reports and particulars of about 18,000 vessels of all classes and scribers.

particulars of about 18,000 vessels of all classes and nationalities; rules for the construction and classification of iron, steel and wooden vessels; rules for the construction and survey of steam machinery and boilers for vessels; provisions for the installation of electric lighting and power apparatus on shipboard, and much other valuable information of special importance to underwriters and all firms or persons interested in shipping. A valuable feature of the work is found in its complete list of shipbuilders, drydocks, marine railways, etc., throughout the United States. Its rules for the construction of iron and steel vessels are indorsed by the United States Navy Department; the work is approved and indorsed by the important boards of underwriters in the Unit'd States and is accepted by merchants and underwriters throughout the world as a standard register and classification of shipping. The publication office is No. 37 Williams.

> "It will all come out in the wash," I you us Pearline.

A DOCTOR STRICKEN WITH SMALLPOX. County Insane Asylum, has been stricken with smallpox. It is thought he contracted the disease from some of the visitors to the institution, to whom he gives passes. He has been removed to the Conjagious Diseases Hospital, where it was said yesterday that he would recover.